

Valuation of ecosystem services in the Catalan coastal zone

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# Valuation of ecosystem services in the Catalan coastal zone

#### Doctorate dissertation

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#### **Abstract**

This study departs from the hypothesis that ecosystem services are becoming scarce by experiencing serious degradation in regard to their capability to provide services efficiently in the Catalan coast, Spain. It constitutes a contribution to the analysis of non-market natural capital in the Catalan coastal zone from an efficient allocation perspective. The general objective of the study was to "assess the nonmarket value of ecosystem services provided in the Catalan coastal zone, in monetary terms." The work start providing a description of three main dimensions relevant to Integrated Coastal Zone Management of the Catalan coast: socio-economic, natural and administrative dimensions. The 12 littoral comarcas and their marine water extent to a depth of 50 m constituted the operational definition and study area in this work. The approach focused on natural and semi-natural, terrestrial and marine, functions and services which are not counted in the economic markets. Results provide an outlook of ecological functions and services provided by the Catalan coast and available data on its value. The study provided a set of three methodologies which contribute to estimating the ecosystem services value that should be considered relevant in coastal and environmental management. First, it proposes an indicatorbased method to identify the social-ecological spatial heterogeneity of the coast, which led to the identification of homogeneous management units on which valuation of the social-ecological system was carried out at the comarca level. Four different classes of Homogeneous Environmental Management Units were obtained, ranging form highly natural and less developed comarcas to less natural and highly developed comarcas. Secondly, a benefit transfer spatial function was used in order to estimate the annual contribution of ecosystem services value to citizens' well-being. Based on individual preferences value from more than 90 peer-reviewed studies, it was found that nonmarket services of terrestrial and marine ecosystems in the study area provide at least 3.2 billion USD in 2004 (2,572 x 10<sup>6</sup> Euros). It was found that ecosystem services when provided by different land cover types vary substantially in its economic value, and this study reflects such variability. Single largest contribution to ESV flow was provided by forest while larger coastal-marine contribution was provided by the continental shelf. To replace the current ecosystem services, at least an annual increment of 2.7 % in the Gross Domestic Product should take place in the study area. Furthermore, it was assumed that the more efficient is an ecosystem in providing a service, the more valuable will be to the society. Thus, ecological, human footprint and fragility indexes were used in the construction of the Ecosystem Services' Provision Capacity Index which constituted the proxy of the capacity of ecosystems to deliver services to citizens in the terrestrial part of the study area. Result showed that it accounted for a positive capacity to provide services and its resulting geography represented a proxy of the natural structure and processes. An integrated ecosystem services value flow of 3.37 billion USD/ha·yr (2,712 x 10<sup>6</sup> Euros) was estimated. This new estimate represents more than a 42 % increment to that of terrestrial individual preference value. Both valuation processes kept close spatial relationship to that of Homogeneous Environmental Management Units geography. Integrated valuation method was considered to reduce human induced bias (via stated-preferences) and thus provide a more realistic estimate of the ecosystem services flow. By estimating the economic value of ecosystem services not traded in the marketplace, social costs or benefits that otherwise would remain hidden or unappreciated are revealed. Therefore, this work can be useful in evaluating tradeoffs between economic development and conservation in the coastal zone. It was considered that making the contribution of ecosystem services to human well-being and the ecosystem functions that underlie those services more explicit, should help motivate policy towards integrated sustainability.

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#### General notes

- Point is used for decimal separator and comma for thousands separator.
- Billion dollars correspond to billions in the U.S.A. (USD x 10<sup>9</sup>).

## List of acronyms

CAMCAT Marine Waters Accidental Pollution Emergency Plan [Pla Especial

d'Emergències per Contaminació Accidental de les Aigües Marines a

Catalunya]

CAS Complex Adaptive Systems

CV Contingent Valuation

CZ Coastal Zone

EBM Ecosystem-Based Management

EC European Communities

El Ecological Index

ESPCI Ecosystem Services' Provision Capacity Index

ESV Ecosystem Service Value

EU European Union FI Fragility Indicator

GDP Gross Domestic Product

GIS Geographic Information System

GNP Gross National Product
GPP Gross Primary Production

hab Inhabitants

HEMU Homogeneous Environmental Management Unit

HFI Human Footprint Index HII Human Influence Index

ICZM Integrated Coastal Zone Management

JCR Journal Citation Reports

LIM Marine Engineering Laboratory [[Laboratori d'Enginyeria Marítima]

MAUP Modifiable Aerial Unit Problem
MEA Millennium Ecosystem Assessment
NHVI Natural Heritage Value Index

NPV Net Preset Value

PDUSC Coastal System Urbanization Plan [Pla Director Urbanistic del Sistema

Costaner]

PEGIZC Integrated Coastal Zone Management Strategic Plan [Plan Estratégico

para la Gestión Integrada de las Zonas Costeras de Cataluña]

PEIN Natural Interest Spaces Plan [Pla d'Espais d'Intères Natural]

PI Production Indicator

PTMD Public Terrestrial-Marine Domain

SES Social-Ecological System TEV Total Economic Value

UPC Polytechnic University of Catalonia [Universitat Politécnica de Catalunya]

USD United States Dollar